(c) Still another classification is that of certain states which permit giving a full calendar year of credit for a term in college. In such instances, no experience would be required with the four-year course under the present law. Ohio and Washington are examples. These laws should be amended to require one year of experience in addition to graduation, otherwise registrants will be barred for reciprocity because of insufficient prior experience.

Certain states which are now on a four-year training basis, where the law specifies that the Board shall give credit for actual time of college attendance but specifying no maximum or minimum credit, will not require any amendment. In such cases, however, the Board should rule that the credit for the college term shall be nine months, totaling 36 months for the four years of college, thus automatically requiring a minimum of one year of retail experience.

DRUG STORE DESIGNATION AND REGISTRATION ACTS.

States that have no legislative program as outlined and would like to improve the pharmacy law can do no better than to pass one of the "drug store designation and registration acts" where the same are not already in force. These provide that only a duly licensed pharmacy, registered with the Board for a fee, having a registered pharmacist in charge, is permitted to display signs, "pharmacy, drugs," or the equivalent. One big advantage of such a law is that it provides the Board with the proper statistical data as to the number of pharmacists in the state, and who is in charge of each pharmacy. Those not on the list are violators and can be fined. From an enforcement standpoint, this type of law has been found very beneficial in a considerable number of states.

The National Association Boards of Pharmacy, 130 N. Wells St. invites you to mail copies of your proposed legislative drafts for checking and suggestions. Assistance will also be given in drafting amendments, laws, etc., if desired. There is no charge for this service, as the constitution of the association cites as one of its objects "the fostering of a uniform minimum standard of pharmaceutic education and uniform legislation."

OBITUARIES.

A. E. CARLSON—NEBRASKA—SEPTEMBER 3RD, 1930.

Word reaches us of the sudden death of A. E. Carlson of Dannebrog, Nebraska, on September 3rd. He was an active member of the Nebraska Pharmacy Examining Board and an ex-president of the Nebraska Pharmaceutical Association. The National Association of Boards of Pharmacy particularly mourns his loss, as he showed a keen interest in the work of the Association although a comparatively new member.

RALPH C. ROOT—VERMONT—AUGUST 3RD, 1930.

Ralph C. Root, member and former president of the Vermont Board of Pharmacy, died on August 3rd following a heart attack, at the age of thirty-four years. He had only recently married, as an item was noted about his returning from his honeymoon in Washington, D. C. in time for the June Board examinations. He

was born in Brattleboro and resided there during his life. He had been a member of the Vermont Board of pharmacy for more than ten years, and was a graduate of the Massachusetts College of Pharmacy, with honors, in 1916.

His father, Wilfred F. Root, also served on the Vermont Board from 1902 to 1917, and a most interesting autobiography of his life is on file in the N. A. B. P. archives. The father was first president of the New England Association of Boards of Pharmacy, a predecessor of the N. A. B. P., having reciprocity as its object.

It is lamented that the son passed away at such an early age; he had accomplished much and the future held promise of a great deal more.

PERSONAL.

Dr. Robert P. Fischelis, secretary and chief chemist of the New Jersey Board of Pharmacy, has been appointed to the research staff of the Committee on the Cost of Medical Care, which is headed by R. L. Wilbur, secretary of the interior in President Hoover's cabinet. Dr. Fischelis, together with Dr. C. Rufus Rorem, an expert economist and scientific accountant, is to make a study of the Service of Pharmacy as it pertains to medical care.

STATE BOARD NEWS.

Alabama.—An examination was held at Montgomery, Tuesday, October 21st, results of which will be announced later.

J. T. Dumas, president of the Alabama Board, was elected third vice-president of the N. A. R. D. at the Atlantic City convention. Secretary Bingham writes that Alabama appreciates this honor.

Reciprocal registration was recently granted to: Noel G. Andrews and Frank Pittman Wood, of Georgia; Fred Frisch, of Louisiana; Herman E. Cox, of Mississippi; Henry S. Spires, of South Carolina.

Arizona.—At the recent meeting of the Arizona Pharmaceutical Association held in Prescott on September 2nd-3rd, Arthur Lee Phelps, secretary of the board of pharmacy, was elected secretary of the state association.

Dr. J. A. Dines resigned from the Board on September 13th, due to ill health. He is 86 years of age, and he was first appointed in 1903 and has served continuously since, with the exception of two years. He was president of the Board at the time of his resignation.

Governor John C. Phillips appointed Carroll M. Wood of Glendale to fill Mr. Dines' unexpired term. Mr. Wood has been in Arizona since 1918 and has been prominent in the work of the state association, being a member of the Executive Committee. He owns pharmacies in Glendale, Peoria and Wickenburg.

Kansas.—Forty applicants were examined at the meeting held in Pratt on August 7th-8th, and thirteen succeeded in making the required grades.

After the examinations were finished, the members of the Board were the guests of Joe Demain, an ex-member, at the famous Cook Hotel, Macksville—everybody reported a good time.

Kentucky.—The report of the July 8th examination shows that 19 out of 35 applicants for R. Ph. license passed; 3 out of 10 trying for the assistant certificate also passed. Andrew L. Burke of Georgia and Miss Virginia C. Brown of Ohio qualified by reciprocity.

After full consideration, the Board decided that hereafter the practice of registering applicants for registered pharmacists who attain a general average of 60% as assistant pharmacists will be discontinued from date of meeting.

Another examination was held at Mayfield on October 14th, but the results were not available at the time of going to press.